ACE-jet

| Section 1. Identification |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| GHS product identifier | : ACE-jet |
| Product use | : Insecticide. |
| Supplier's details | : Arborjet 99 Blueberry Hill Road Woburn, MA 01801, USA 1-781-935-9070 |
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : ajinformation@arborjet.com |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : 1-800-255-3924 (CHEM-TEL) |

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status
Classification of the
substance or mixture
GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms
: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
:


| Signal word | $:$ Warning |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hazard statements | $:$ Harmful if swallowed. |

## Precautionary statements

General
Prevention

Response
Storage
Disposal
Hazards not otherwise classified
: Not applicable.
: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
: Not applicable.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | $:$ Mixture |
| :--- | :--- |
| Other means of <br> identification | $:$ Not available. |

## CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | $:$ Not applicable. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Product code | $: 20$ Box 040-2011 10 Box Case 040-2020 |

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name | $\%$ | CAS number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| acephate (ISO) | $\geq 90$ | $30560-19-1$ |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.
There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed <br> Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

| Eye contact | $:$ No specific data. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | $:$ No specific data. |
| Ingestion | $:$ No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| ACE-jet |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Section 4. First aid measures |  |
| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. This product contains a cholinesterase inhibitor. Signs and symptoms that may be seen, usually within several hours of exposure, include but are not limited to headaches dizziness, weakness, constriction of the pupil, blurred or dark vision, excessive salivation or nasal discharge, profuse sweating, abdominal cramps, nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. Severe poisonings may result in incontinence, unconsciousness, convulsions and death. Measurement of blood cholinesterase activity may be useful in monitoring exposure. Individuals with preexisting medical conditions which lower cholinesterase levels may have increased susceptibility to cholinesterase depression. |
| Specific treatments | : If signs of cholinesterase inhibition appear, atropine sulfate is antidotal. 2-PAM (PROTOPAM) is also antidotal and may be used in conjunction with atropine but should not be used alone. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
Unsuitable extinguishing media
: Use dry chemical, $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$, water spray (fog) or foam. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
: None known.

Specific hazards arising
from the chemical
Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters
: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

Large spill
: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : P
: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general
occupational hygiene
: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from including any
incompatibilities direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
None.

| Appropriate engineering <br> controls | $:$Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne <br> contaminants. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Environmental exposure <br> controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure <br> they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some <br> cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment |
|  | will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures
Hygiene measures :

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.
Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection
: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Recommended: splash goggles

## Skin protection

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection

Body protection

Other skin protection

Respiratory protection

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)
: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Recommended chemical resistant gloves: polyethylene, butyl rubber, neoprene rubber, or viton.
: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | : Solid. [White and purple pellets] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Physical state | : Not available. |
| Color | : Cabbage-like [Strong] |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| pH | : Not available. |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive | : $1.7 \times 10^{-6}$ mm Hg at $24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| (flammable) limits | $:$ Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapor density | Soluble in the following materials: cold water. |
| Relative density | : Not available. |
| Solubility | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- |  |
| octanol/water | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature |  |

## ACE-jet

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition products gases. not be produced.
: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.
: Contact with alkaline materials including hypochlorite oxidants may produce noxious
: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

## Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| acephate (ISO) | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | $2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |
|  | LD50 Oral | Rat - Male | $688 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | - |

## Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

## Sensitization

| Product/ingredient name | Route of <br> exposure | Species | Result |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| acephate (ISO) | skin | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |

## Mutagenicity

Not available.
Carcinogenicity
Not available.
Reproductive toxicity
Not available.

## Teratogenicity

Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Not available.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

## Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.
routes of exposure

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Inhalation | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Skin contact | $:$ No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | $:$ Harmful if swallowed. |

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | $:$ No specific data. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | $:$ No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure
Potential immediate : Not available.
effects
Potential delayed effects : Not available.
Long term exposure
Potential immediate : Not available.
effects
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

## Potential chronic health effects

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| acephate (ISO) | Sub-chronic NOEL Dermal | Rat - Male | $60 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg} /$ day | 3 weeks; 5 days <br> per week <br> 3 weeks; 5 days <br> per week |


| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

## Numerical measures of toxicity

## Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
| :--- | :--- |
| Oral | $689.6 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| Dermal | $2004.6 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ |

## Section 12. Ecological information

## Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| acephate (ISO) | Acute EC50 1.3 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 $0.7 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{I}$ Marine water <br> Acute LC50 $1.46 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{I}$ Fresh water Chronic NOEC $580 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{I}$ Marine water <br> Chronic NOEC 150 ppb Marine water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Homarus americanus - Larvae <br> Fish - Clarias batrachus Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia <br> Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours 48 hours <br> 96 hours <br> 21 days <br> 21 days |

## Section 12．Ecological information

## Persistence and degradability

Not available．

## Bioaccumulative potential

| Product／ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| acephate（ISO） | -0.85 | - | low |

## Mobility in soil

Soil／water partition | S |
| :--- |
| coefficient（Koc） |$\quad$ Not available．

Other adverse effects
：No known significant effects or critical hazards．

## Section 13．Disposal considerations

：The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible．Disposal of this product，solutions and any by－products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements．Dispose of surplus and non－recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor．Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction． Waste packaging should be recycled．Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible．This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way．Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out．Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues． Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil，waterways，drains and sewers．

Section 14．Transport information

|  | DOT <br> Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ADR／RID | IMDG | IATA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UN number | Not available． | Not available． | UN3077 | UN3077 | UN3077 | UN3077 |
| UN proper shipping name | Not available． | Not available． | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE， SOLID，N．O．S． （acephate （ISO）） | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE， SOLID，N．O．S． （acephate （ISO）） | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE， SOLID，N．O．S． （acephate （ISO）） | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE， SOLID，N．O．S． （acephate （ISO）） |
| Transport hazard class（es） | Not available． | Not available． | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Transport Label |  |  | All <br> 娄 | ally <br> 娄 | All <br> 娄 | all 槛 |
| Packing group | － | － | III | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No． | No． | Yes． | Yes． | Marine Pollutant：Yes | Yes． |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date of issue／Date of revision |  | ：02／20／2015．Date of previous issue |  | ：March 2007. | Version ： | $28 / 11$ |

## Section 14. Transport information



[^0]Transport in bulk according : Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL
73/78 and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations
: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

FIFRA Information: This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of nonpesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

## CAUTION:

Harmful if swallowed.
Causes eye irritation.
Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.
Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed
(b) Hazardous Air

Pollutants (HAPs)
Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class I Substances
Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class II Substances
DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed
(Precursor Chemicals)
DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed
(Essential Chemicals)
SARA 302/304
Composition/information on ingredients
No products were found.

## ACE-jet

## Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

## SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard
Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | $\%$ | Fire <br> hazard | Sudden <br> release of <br> pressure | Reactive | lmmediate <br> (acute) <br> health <br> hazard | Delayed <br> (chronic) <br> health <br> hazard |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| acephate (ISO) | $\geq 90$ | Yes. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |

## SARA 313

|  | Product name | CAS number | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Form R - Reporting <br> requirements | acephate (ISO) | $30560-19-1$ | $\geq 90$ |
| Supplier notification | acephate (ISO) | $30560-19-1$ | $\geq 90$ |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

## State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.

New York : None of the components are listed.
New Jersey : The following components are listed: ACEPHATE; ACETYLPHOSPHORAMIDOTHIOICACID O,S-DIMETHYL ESTER
Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.

## International requlations

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II \& III Chemicals

Not listed.
Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)
Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

## Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## International lists

## National inventory

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.
Canada : Not determined.

China : All components are listed or exempted.
Europe : All components are listed or exempted.
Japan : Not determined.
Malaysia : Not determined.
New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : Not determined.

## ACE-jet

## Section 16. Other information

## National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 Justification |  |

## History

Date of printing : 02/20/2015.
Date of issue/Date of : 02/20/2015.
revision
Date of previous issue : March 2007.
Version : 2
Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References
: Not available.
$\nabla$ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Notice to reader
To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.


[^0]:    Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

